Enrolled Copy	S.B. 36

1	SCHOOL DISTRICTS - LIMITED
2	AMENDMENTS TO TRUTH IN TAXATION
3	2006 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Mike Dmitrich
6	House Sponsor: Gordon E. Snow
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8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill modifies the State System of Public Education Title and the Property Tax Act
11	relating to a voted leeway.
12	Highlighted Provisions:
13	This bill:
14	 modifies the State System of Public Education Title and the Property Tax Act to
15	exempt school districts from the advertisement requirements of truth in taxation
16	when budgeting revenue or levying a rate that exceeds the certified tax rate from
17	certain voted leeway programs; and
18	makes technical changes.
19	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
20	None
21	Other Special Clauses:
22	This bill takes effect on January 1, 2007.
23	Utah Code Sections Affected:
24	AMENDS:
25	53A-17a-133, as last amended by Chapter 257, Laws of Utah 2004
26	53A-17a-134, as last amended by Chapter 257, Laws of Utah 2004
27	53A-19-102 , as last amended by Chapter 79, Laws of Utah 1996
28	59-2-918, as last amended by Chapter 11, Laws of Utah 2005, First Special Session
29	59-2-919, as last amended by Chapter 11, Laws of Utah 2005, First Special Session

59-2-924 , as last amended by Chapters 217 and 244, Laws of Utah 2005
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 53A-17a-133 is amended to read:
53A-17a-133. State-supported voted leeway program authorized Election
requirements State guarantee Reconsideration of the program.
(1) An election to consider adoption or modification of a voted leeway program is
required if initiative petitions signed by 10% of the number of electors who voted at the last
preceding general election are presented to the local school board or by action of the board.
(2) (a) (i) To establish a voted leeway program, a majority of the electors of a district
voting at an election in the manner set forth in Section 53A-16-110 must vote in favor of a
special tax.
(ii) The tax rate may not exceed .002 per dollar of taxable value.
(b) The district may maintain a school program which exceeds the cost of the program
referred to in Section 53A-17a-145 with this voted leeway.
(c) In order to receive state support the first year, a district must receive voter approval
no later than December 1 of the year prior to implementation.
(3) (a) Under the voted leeway program, the state shall contribute an amount sufficient
to guarantee \$17.54 per weighted pupil unit for each .0001 of the first .0016 per dollar of
taxable value.
(b) The same dollar amount guarantee per weighted pupil unit for the .0016 per dollar
of taxable value under Subsection (3)(a) shall apply to the board-approved leeway authorized
in Section 53A-17a-134, so that the guarantee shall apply up to a total of .002 per dollar of
taxable value if a school district levies a tax rate under both programs.
(c) (i) Beginning July 1, 2005, the \$17.54 guarantee under Subsections (3)(a) and (b)
shall be indexed each year to the value of the weighted pupil unit by making the value of the
guarantee equal to .008544 times the value of the prior year's weighted pupil unit.
(ii) The guarantee shall increase by .0005 times the value of the prior year's weighted

pupil unit for each succeeding year until the guarantee is equal to .010544 times the value of the prior year's weighted pupil unit.

- (d) (i) The amount of state guarantee money to which a school district would otherwise be entitled to under this Subsection (3) may not be reduced for the sole reason that the district's levy is reduced as a consequence of changes in the certified tax rate under Section 59-2-924 pursuant to changes in property valuation.
- (ii) Subsection (3)(d)(i) applies for a period of two years following any such change in the certified tax rate.
- (4) (a) An election to modify an existing voted leeway program is not a reconsideration of the existing program unless the proposition submitted to the electors expressly so states.
- (b) A majority vote opposing a modification does not deprive the district of authority to continue an existing program.
- (c) If adoption of a leeway program is contingent upon an offset reducing other local school board levies, the board must allow the electors, in an election, to consider modifying or discontinuing the program prior to a subsequent increase in other levies that would increase the total local school board levy.
- (d) Nothing contained in this section terminates, without an election, the authority of a school district to continue an existing voted leeway program previously authorized by the voters.
- (5) Notwithstanding Section 59-2-918, a school district may budget an increased amount of ad valorem property tax revenue derived from a voted leeway imposed under this section in addition to revenue from new growth as defined in Subsection 59-2-924(2), without having to comply with the advertisement requirements of Section 59-2-918, if the voted leeway is approved:
 - (a) in accordance with Section 53A-16-110 on or after January 1, 2003; and
- (b) within the four-year period immediately preceding the year in which the school district seeks to budget an increased amount of ad valorem property tax revenue derived from the voted leeway.

86	(6) Notwithstanding Section 59-2-919, a school district may levy a tax rate under this
87	section that exceeds the certified tax rate without having to comply with the advertisement
88	requirements of Section 59-2-919 if:
89	(a) the levy exceeds the certified tax rate as the result of a school district budgeting an
90	increased amount of ad valorem property tax revenue derived from a voted leeway imposed
91	under this section; and
92	(b) if the voted leeway was approved:
93	(i) in accordance with Section 53A-16-110 on or after January 1, 2003; and
94	(ii) within the four-year period immediately preceding the year in which the school
95	district seeks to budget an increased amount of ad valorem property tax revenue derived from
96	the voted leeway.
97	Section 2. Section 53A-17a-134 is amended to read:
98	53A-17a-134. Board-approved leeway Purpose State support Disapproval.
99	(1) Each local school board may levy a tax rate of up to .0004 per dollar of taxable
100	value to maintain a school program above the cost of the basic school program as follows:
101	(a) a local school board shall use the monies generated by the tax for class size
102	reduction within the school district;
103	(b) if a local school board determines that the average class size in the school district is
104	not excessive, it may use the monies for other school purposes but only if the board has
105	declared the use for other school purposes in a public meeting prior to levying the tax rate; and
106	(c) a district may not use the monies for other school purposes under Subsection (1)(b)
107	until it has certified in writing that its class size needs are already being met and has identified
108	the other school purposes for which the monies will be used to the State Board of Education
109	and the state board has approved their use for other school purposes.
110	(2) (a) The state shall contribute an amount sufficient to guarantee \$17.54 per weighted
111	pupil unit for each .0001 per dollar of taxable value.
112	(b) The guarantee shall increase in the same manner as provided for the voted leeway
113	guarantee in Subsections 53A-17a-133(3)(c)(i) and (ii).

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a special election.

(c) (i) The amount of state guarantee money to which a school district would otherwise be entitled to under this Subsection (2) may not be reduced for the sole reason that the district's levy is reduced as a consequence of changes in the certified tax rate under Section 59-2-924 pursuant to changes in property valuation. (ii) Subsection (2)(c)(i) applies for a period of two years following any such change in the certified tax rate. (3) The levy authorized under this section is not in addition to the maximum rate of .002 authorized in Section 53A-17a-133, but is a board-authorized component of the total tax rate under that section. (4) As an exception to Section 53A-17a-133, the board-authorized levy does not require voter approval, but the board may require voter approval if requested by a majority of the board. (5) An election to consider disapproval of the board-authorized levy is required, if within 60 days after the levy is established by the board, referendum petitions signed by the number of legal voters required in Section 20A-7-301, who reside within the school district, are filed with the school district. (6) (a) A local school board shall establish its board-approved levy by April 1 to have the levy apply to the fiscal year beginning July 1 in that same calendar year except that if an election is required under this section, the levy applies to the fiscal year beginning July 1 of the next calendar year. (b) The approval and disapproval votes authorized in Subsections (4) and (5) shall occur at a general election in even-numbered years, except that a vote required under this section in odd-numbered years shall occur at a special election held on a day in odd-numbered years that corresponds to the general election date. The school district shall pay for the cost of

- (7) (a) Modification or termination of a voter-approved leeway rate authorized under this section is governed by Section 53A-17a-133.
 - (b) A board-authorized leeway rate may be modified or terminated by a majority vote

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142	of the board subject to disapproval procedures specified in this section.
143	(8) A board levy election does not require publication of a voter information pamphlet.
144	Section 3. Section 53A-19-102 is amended to read:
145	53A-19-102. Local school boards budget procedures.
146	(1) Prior to June 22 of each year, each local school board shall adopt a budget and
147	make appropriations for the next fiscal year. If the tax rate in the proposed budget exceeds the
148	certified tax rate defined in Subsection 59-2-924(2), the board shall comply with [the Tax
149	Increase Disclosure Act] Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919 in adopting the budget, except as
150	provided by Section 53A-17a-133.
151	(2) Prior to the adoption of a budget containing a tax rate which does not exceed the
152	certified tax rate, the board shall hold a public hearing on the proposed budget. In addition to
153	complying with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings, in regards to the hearing, the
154	board shall do the following:
155	(a) publish the required newspaper notice at least one week prior to the hearing; and
156	(b) file a copy of the proposed budget with the board's business administrator for public
157	inspection at least ten days prior to the hearing.
158	(3) The board shall file a copy of the adopted budget with the state auditor and the
159	State Board of Education.
160	Section 4. Section 59-2-918 is amended to read:
161	59-2-918. Advertisement of proposed tax increase Notice Contents
162	Exemptions from notice requirements.
163	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a taxing entity may not budget an
164	increased amount of ad valorem tax revenue exclusive of revenue from new growth as defined
165	in Subsection 59-2-924(2) unless it advertises its intention to do so at the same time that it
166	advertises its intention to fix its budget for the forthcoming fiscal year.
167	(b) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a taxing entity is not required to meet the
168	advertisement or hearing requirements of this section if:

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 $[\frac{(i)}{A}]$ the taxing entity:

170	[(A)] (I) collected less than \$15,000 in ad valorem tax revenues for the previous fiscal
171	year; or
172	[(B)] (II) is expressly exempted by law from complying with the requirements of this
173	section; or
174	[(ii)] (B) the increased amount of ad valorem tax revenue results from a tax rate
175	increase that is exempted under Subsection 59-2-919(1)(a)(ii)(B) from the advertisement and
176	hearing requirements of Section 59-2-919.
177	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a taxing entity is not required to meet the
178	advertisement requirements of this section if Section 53A-17a-133 allows the taxing entity to
179	budget an increased amount of ad valorem property tax revenue without having to comply with
180	the advertisement requirements of this section.
181	(2) (a) For taxing entities operating under a July 1 through June 30 fiscal year, the
182	advertisement required by this section may be combined with the advertisement required by
183	Section 59-2-919.
184	(b) For taxing entities operating under a January 1 through December 31 fiscal year,
185	the advertisement required by this section shall meet the size, type, placement, and frequency
186	requirements established under Section 59-2-919.
187	(3) The form of the advertisement required by this section shall meet the size, type,
188	placement, and frequency requirements established under Section 59-2-919 and shall be
189	substantially as follows:
190	"NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASE
191	The (name of the taxing entity) is proposing to increase its property tax revenue. As a
192	result of the proposed increase, the tax on a (insert the average value of a residence in the
193	taxing entity rounded to the nearest thousand dollars) residence will be \$, and the
194	tax on a business having the same value as the average value of a residence in the taxing entity
195	will be Without the proposed increase, the tax on a (insert the average value of a
196	residence in the taxing entity rounded to the nearest thousand dollars) residence would be
197	\$, and the tax on a business having the same value as the average value of a

198	residence in the taxing entity would be
199	This would be an increase of%, which is \$ per year (\$ per
200	month) on a (insert the average value of a residence in the taxing entity rounded to the nearest
201	thousand dollars) residence or \$ per year on a business having the same value as the
202	average value of a residence in the taxing entity. With new growth, this property tax increase,
203	and other factors, (name of taxing entity) will increase its property tax revenue from \$
204	[collected] budgeted last year to \$ [collected] budgeted this year which is a revenue
205	increase of%.
206	All concerned citizens are invited to a public hearing on the tax increase to be held on
207	(date and time) at (meeting place)."
208	(4) If a final decision regarding the budgeting of an increased amount of ad valorem tax
209	revenue is not made at the public hearing described in Subsection (3), the taxing entity shall
210	announce at the public hearing the scheduled time and place for consideration and adoption of
211	the proposed budget increase.
212	(5) (a) Each taxing entity operating under the January 1 through December 31 fiscal
213	year shall by March 1 notify the county of the date, time, and place of the public hearing at
214	which the budget for the following fiscal year will be considered.
215	(b) The county shall include the information described in Subsection (5)(a) with the tax
216	notice.
217	(6) A taxing entity shall hold a public hearing under this section beginning at or after 6
218	p.m.
219	Section 5. Section 59-2-919 is amended to read:
220	59-2-919. Resolution proposing tax increases Notice Contents of notice of
221	proposed tax increase Exemptions from notice requirement Personal mailed notice in
222	addition to advertisement Contents of personal mailed notice Hearing Dates.
223	A tax rate in excess of the certified tax rate may not be levied until a resolution has
224	been approved by the taxing entity in accordance with the following procedure:
225	(1) (a) (i) The taxing entity shall advertise its intent to exceed the certified tax rate in a

226 newspaper or combination of newspapers of general circulation in the taxing entity. 227 (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(i), a taxing entity is not required to meet the advertisement or hearing requirements of this section if: 228 229 (A) the taxing entity: 230 (I) collected less than \$15,000 in ad valorem tax revenues for the previous fiscal year; 231 or 232 (II) is expressly exempted by law from complying with the requirements of this 233 section; or 234 (B) (I) the taxing entity is a party to an interlocal agreement under Title 11, Chapter 13, 235 Interlocal Cooperation Act, that creates an interlocal entity to provide fire protection, 236 emergency, and emergency medical services; 237 (II) the tax rate increase is approved by the taxing entity's voters at an election held for 238 that purpose on or before December 31, 2010; 239 (III) the purpose of the tax rate increase is to pay for fire protection, emergency, and 240 emergency medical services provided by the interlocal entity; and 241 (IV) at least 30 days before its annual budget hearing, the taxing entity: (Aa) adopts a resolution certifying that the taxing entity will dedicate all revenue from 242 243 the tax rate increase exclusively to pay for fire protection, emergency, and emergency medical 244 services provided by the interlocal entity and that the amount of other revenues, independent of 245 the revenue generated from the tax rate increase, that the taxing entity spends for fire protection, emergency, and emergency medical services each year after the tax rate increase 246 will not decrease below the amount spent by the taxing entity during the year immediately 247 248 before the tax rate increase without a corresponding decrease in the taxing entity's property tax 249 revenues used in calculating the taxing entity's certified tax rate; and 250 (Bb) sends a copy of the resolution to the commission.

(iii) The exception under Subsection (1)(a)(ii)(B) from the advertisement and hearing

requirements of this section does not apply to an increase in a taxing entity's tax rate that occurs

after December 31, 2010, even if the tax rate increase is approved by the taxing entity's voters

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254	before that date.
255	(iv) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(i), a taxing entity is not required to meet the
256	advertisement requirements of this section if Section 53A-17a-133 allows the taxing entity to
257	levy a tax rate that exceeds that certified tax rate without having to comply with the
258	advertisement requirements of this section.
259	(b) The advertisement described in this section shall:
260	(i) be no less than 1/4 page in size;
261	(ii) use type no smaller than 18 point; and
262	(iii) be surrounded by a 1/4-inch border.
263	(c) The advertisement described in this section may not be placed in that portion of the
264	newspaper where legal notices and classified advertisements appear.
265	(d) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
266	(i) whenever possible, the advertisement described in this section appear in a
267	newspaper that is published at least one day per week; and
268	(ii) the newspaper or combination of newspapers selected:
269	(A) be of general interest and readership in the taxing entity; and
270	(B) not be of limited subject matter.
271	(e) The advertisement described in this section shall:
272	(i) be run once each week for the two weeks preceding the adoption of the final budget;
273	and

(ii) state that the taxing entity will meet on a certain day, time, and place fixed in the advertisement, which shall be not less than seven days after the day the first advertisement is published, for the purpose of hearing comments regarding any proposed increase and to explain the reasons for the proposed increase.

- (f) The meeting on the proposed increase may coincide with the hearing on the proposed budget of the taxing entity.
- 280 (2) The form and content of the notice shall be substantially as follows:

281 "NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASE

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282	The (name of the taxing entity) is proposing to increase its property tax revenue. As a
283	result of the proposed increase, the tax on a (insert the average value of a residence in the
284	taxing entity rounded to the nearest thousand dollars) residence will be \$, and the
285	tax on a business having the same value as the average value of a residence in the taxing entity
286	will be \$ Without the proposed increase the tax on a (insert the average value of a
287	residence in the taxing entity rounded to the nearest thousand dollars) residence would be
288	\$, and the tax on a business having the same value as the average value of a
289	residence in the taxing entity would be \$
290	The (insert year) proposed tax rate is Without the proposed increase, the
291	rate would be per year
292	(\$ per month) on a (insert the average value of a residence in the taxing entity rounded
293	to the nearest thousand dollars) residence or \$ per year on a business having the same
294	value as the average value of a residence in the taxing entity. With new growth, this property
295	tax increase, and other factors, (name of taxing entity) will increase its property tax revenue
296	from \$ [collected] budgeted last year to \$ [collected] budgeted this year which is a
297	revenue increase of%.
298	All concerned citizens are invited to a public hearing on the tax increase to be held on
299	(date and time) at (meeting place)."
300	(3) The commission:
301	(a) shall adopt rules governing the joint use of one advertisement under this section or
302	Section 59-2-918 by two or more taxing entities; and
303	(b) may, upon petition by any taxing entity, authorize either:
304	(i) the use of weekly newspapers in counties having both daily and weekly newspapers
305	where the weekly newspaper would provide equal or greater notice to the taxpayer; or
306	(ii) the use of a commission-approved direct notice to each taxpayer if the:
307	(A) cost of the advertisement would cause undue hardship; and
308	(B) direct notice is different and separate from that provided for in Subsection (4).
309	(4) (a) In addition to providing the notice required by Subsections (1) and (2), the

310	county auditor, on or before July 22 of each year, shall notify, by man, each owner of real
311	estate as defined in Section 59-2-102 who is listed on the assessment roll.
312	(b) The notice described in Subsection (4)(a) shall:
313	(i) be sent to all owners of real property by mail not less than ten days before the day
314	on which:
315	(A) the county board of equalization meets; and
316	(B) the taxing entity holds a public hearing on the proposed increase in the certified tax
317	rate;
318	(ii) be printed on a form that is:
319	(A) approved by the commission; and
320	(B) uniform in content in all counties in the state; and
321	(iii) contain for each property:
322	(A) the value of the property;
323	(B) the date the county board of equalization will meet to hear complaints on the
324	valuation;
325	(C) itemized tax information for all taxing entities, including a separate statement for
326	the minimum school levy under Section 53A-17a-135 stating:
327	(I) the dollar amount the taxpayer would have paid based on last year's rate; and
328	(II) the amount of the taxpayer's liability under the current rate;
329	(D) the tax impact on the property;
330	(E) the time and place of the required public hearing for each entity;
331	(F) property tax information pertaining to:
332	(I) taxpayer relief;
333	(II) options for payment of taxes; and
334	(III) collection procedures;
335	(G) information specifically authorized to be included on the notice under Title 59,
336	Chapter 2, Property Tax Act; and
337	(H) other property tax information approved by the commission.

338 (5) (a) The taxing entity, after holding a hearing as provided in this section, may adopt 339 a resolution levying a tax rate in excess of the certified tax rate. 340 (b) If a resolution adopting a tax rate is not adopted on the day of the public hearing, 341 the scheduled time and place for consideration and adoption of the resolution shall be 342 announced at the public hearing. 343 (c) If a resolution adopting a tax rate is to be considered at a day and time that is more 344 than two weeks after the public hearing described in Subsection (4)(b)(iii)(E), a taxing entity, 345 other than a taxing entity described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii), shall advertise the date of the 346 proposed adoption of the resolution in the same manner as provided under Subsections (1) and 347 (2).348 (6) (a) All hearings described in this section shall be open to the public. 349 (b) The governing body of a taxing entity conducting a hearing shall permit all 350 interested parties desiring to be heard an opportunity to present oral testimony within 351 reasonable time limits. 352 (7) (a) Each taxing entity shall notify the county legislative body by March 1 of each 353 year of the date, time, and place a public hearing is held by the taxing entity pursuant to this 354 section. 355 (b) A taxing entity may not schedule a hearing described in this section at the same 356 time as another overlapping taxing entity in the same county, but all taxing entities in which the 357 power to set tax levies is vested in the same governing board or authority may consolidate the 358 required hearings into one hearing. 359 (c) The county legislative body shall resolve any conflicts in hearing dates and times 360 after consultation with each affected taxing entity.

Section 6. Section **59-2-924** is amended to read:

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59-2-924. Report of valuation of property to county auditor and commission --Transmittal by auditor to governing bodies -- Certified tax rate -- Rulemaking authority

(8) A taxing entity shall hold a public hearing under this section beginning at or after 6

366	Adoption of tentative budget.
367	(1) (a) Before June 1 of each year, the county assessor of each county shall deliver to
368	the county auditor and the commission the following statements:
369	(i) a statement containing the aggregate valuation of all taxable property in each taxing
370	entity; and
371	(ii) a statement containing the taxable value of any additional personal property
372	estimated by the county assessor to be subject to taxation in the current year.
373	(b) The county auditor shall, on or before June 8, transmit to the governing body of
374	each taxing entity:
375	(i) the statements described in Subsections (1)(a)(i) and (ii);
376	(ii) an estimate of the revenue from personal property;
377	(iii) the certified tax rate; and
378	(iv) all forms necessary to submit a tax levy request.
379	(2) (a) (i) The "certified tax rate" means a tax rate that will provide the same ad
380	valorem property tax revenues for a taxing entity as were budgeted by that taxing entity for the
381	prior year.
382	(ii) For purposes of this Subsection (2), "ad valorem property tax revenues" do not
383	include:
384	(A) collections from redemptions;
385	(B) interest; and
386	(C) penalties.
387	(iii) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(a)(v), the certified tax rate shall be calculated
388	by dividing the ad valorem property tax revenues budgeted for the prior year by the taxing
389	entity by the taxable value established in accordance with Section 59-2-913.
390	(iv) (A) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
391	Act, the commission shall make rules determining the calculation of ad valorem property tax
392	revenues budgeted by a taxing entity.

(B) For purposes of Subsection (2)(a)(iv)(A), ad valorem property tax revenues

budgeted by a taxing entity shall be calculated in the same manner as budgeted property tax revenues are calculated for purposes of Section 59-2-913.

- (v) The certified tax rates for the taxing entities described in this Subsection (2)(a)(v) shall be calculated as follows:
- (A) except as provided in Subsection (2)(a)(v)(B), for new taxing entities the certified tax rate is zero;
 - (B) for each municipality incorporated on or after July 1, 1996, the certified tax rate is:
- (I) in a county of the first, second, or third class, the levy imposed for municipal-type services under Sections 17-34-1 and 17-36-9; and
- (II) in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, the levy imposed for general county purposes and such other levies imposed solely for the municipal-type services identified in Section 17-34-1 and Subsection 17-36-3(22);
- (C) for debt service voted on by the public, the certified tax rate shall be the actual levy imposed by that section, except that the certified tax rates for the following levies shall be calculated in accordance with Section 59-2-913 and this section:
- (I) school leeways provided for under Sections 11-2-7, 53A-16-110, 53A-17a-125, 53A-17a-127, <u>53A-17a-133</u>, 53A-17a-134, 53A-17a-143, 53A-17a-145, and 53A-21-103; and
- (II) levies to pay for the costs of state legislative mandates or judicial or administrative orders under Section 59-2-906.3.
 - (vi) (A) A judgment levy imposed under Section 59-2-1328 or Section 59-2-1330 shall be established at that rate which is sufficient to generate only the revenue required to satisfy one or more eligible judgments, as defined in Section 59-2-102.
 - (B) The ad valorem property tax revenue generated by the judgment levy shall not be considered in establishing the taxing entity's aggregate certified tax rate.
 - (b) (i) For the purpose of calculating the certified tax rate, the county auditor shall use the taxable value of property on the assessment roll.
- (ii) For purposes of Subsection (2)(b)(i), the taxable value of property on the assessment roll does not include new growth as defined in Subsection (2)(b)(iii).

422	(iii) "New growth" means:
423	(A) the difference between the increase in taxable value of the taxing entity from the
424	previous calendar year to the current year; minus
425	(B) the amount of an increase in taxable value described in Subsection (2)(b)(iv).
426	(iv) Subsection (2)(b)(iii)(B) applies to the following increases in taxable value:
427	(A) the amount of increase to locally assessed real property taxable values resulting
428	from factoring, reappraisal, or any other adjustments; or
429	(B) the amount of an increase in the taxable value of property assessed by the
430	commission under Section 59-2-201 resulting from a change in the method of apportioning the
431	taxable value prescribed by:
432	(I) the Legislature;
433	(II) a court;
434	(III) the commission in an administrative rule; or
435	(IV) the commission in an administrative order.
436	(c) Beginning January 1, 1997, if a taxing entity receives increased revenues from
437	uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, 59-2-405.1,
438	59-2-405.2, or 59-2-405.3 as a result of any county imposing a sales and use tax under Chapter
439	12, Part 11, County Option Sales and Use Tax, the taxing entity shall decrease its certified tax
440	rate to offset the increased revenues.
441	(d) (i) Beginning July 1, 1997, if a county has imposed a sales and use tax under
442	Chapter 12, Part 11, County Option Sales and Use Tax, the county's certified tax rate shall be:
443	(A) decreased on a one-time basis by the amount of the estimated sales and use tax
444	revenue to be distributed to the county under Subsection 59-12-1102(3); and
445	(B) increased by the amount necessary to offset the county's reduction in revenue from
446	uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, 59-2-405.1,
447	59-2-405.2, or 59-2-405.3 as a result of the decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection
448	(2)(d)(i)(A).
449	(ii) The commission shall determine estimates of sales and use tax distributions for

450 purposes of Subsection (2)(d)(i).

(e) Beginning January 1, 1998, if a municipality has imposed an additional resort communities sales tax under Section 59-12-402, the municipality's certified tax rate shall be decreased on a one-time basis by the amount necessary to offset the first 12 months of estimated revenue from the additional resort communities sales and use tax imposed under Section 59-12-402.

- (f) For the calendar year beginning on January 1, 1999, and ending on December 31, 1999, a taxing entity's certified tax rate shall be adjusted by the amount necessary to offset the adjustment in revenues from uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-405.1 as a result of the adjustment in uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-405.1 enacted by the Legislature during the 1998 Annual General Session.
 - (g) For purposes of Subsections (2)(h) through (j):
- (i) "1998 actual collections" means the amount of revenues a taxing entity actually collected for the calendar year beginning on January 1, 1998, under Section 59-2-405 for:
- (A) motor vehicles required to be registered with the state that weigh 12,000 pounds or less; and
- (B) state-assessed commercial vehicles required to be registered with the state that weigh 12,000 pounds or less.
- (ii) "1999 actual collections" means the amount of revenues a taxing entity actually collected for the calendar year beginning on January 1, 1999, under Section 59-2-405.1.
- (h) For the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2000, the commission shall make the following adjustments:
- (i) the commission shall make the adjustment described in Subsection (2)(i)(i) if, for the calendar year beginning on January 1, 1999, a taxing entity's 1998 actual collections were greater than the sum of:
 - (A) the taxing entity's 1999 actual collections; and
 - (B) any adjustments the commission made under Subsection (2)(f);
- 477 (ii) the commission shall make the adjustment described in Subsection (2)(i)(ii) if, for

478 the calendar year beginning on January 1, 1999, a taxing entity's 1998 actual collections were 479 greater than the taxing entity's 1999 actual collections, but the taxing entity's 1998 actual 480 collections were less than the sum of: 481 (A) the taxing entity's 1999 actual collections; and 482 (B) any adjustments the commission made under Subsection (2)(f); and 483 (iii) the commission shall make the adjustment described in Subsection (2)(i)(iii) if, for 484 the calendar year beginning on January 1, 1999, a taxing entity's 1998 actual collections were 485 less than the taxing entity's 1999 actual collections. 486 (i) (i) For purposes of Subsection (2)(h)(i), the commission shall increase a taxing 487 entity's certified tax rate under this section and a taxing entity's certified revenue levy under 488 Section 59-2-906.1 by the amount necessary to offset the difference between: 489 (A) the taxing entity's 1998 actual collections; and 490 (B) the sum of: 491 (I) the taxing entity's 1999 actual collections; and 492 (II) any adjustments the commission made under Subsection (2)(f). 493 (ii) For purposes of Subsection (2)(h)(ii), the commission shall decrease a taxing 494 entity's certified tax rate under this section and a taxing entity's certified revenue levy under 495 Section 59-2-906.1 by the amount necessary to offset the difference between: (A) the sum of: 496 497 (I) the taxing entity's 1999 actual collections; and 498 (II) any adjustments the commission made under Subsection (2)(f); and 499 (B) the taxing entity's 1998 actual collections. 500 (iii) For purposes of Subsection (2)(h)(iii), the commission shall decrease a taxing 501 entity's certified tax rate under this section and a taxing entity's certified revenue levy under 502 Section 59-2-906.1 by the amount of any adjustments the commission made under Subsection 503 (2)(f). 504 (j) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, for 505 purposes of Subsections (2)(f) through (i), the commission may make rules establishing the

method for determining a taxing entity's 1998 actual collections and 1999 actual collections.

- (k) (i) (A) For fiscal year 2000, the certified tax rate of each county required under Subsection 17-34-1(4)(a) to provide advanced life support and paramedic services to the unincorporated area of the county shall be decreased by the amount necessary to reduce revenues in that fiscal year by an amount equal to the difference between the amount the county budgeted in its 2000 fiscal year budget for advanced life support and paramedic services countywide and the amount the county spent during fiscal year 2000 for those services, excluding amounts spent from a municipal services fund for those services.
- (B) For fiscal year 2001, the certified tax rate of each county to which Subsection (2)(k)(i)(A) applies shall be decreased by the amount necessary to reduce revenues in that fiscal year by the amount that the county spent during fiscal year 2000 for advanced life support and paramedic services countywide, excluding amounts spent from a municipal services fund for those services.
- (ii) (A) A city or town located within a county of the first class to which Subsection (2)(k)(i) applies may increase its certified tax rate by the amount necessary to generate within the city or town the same amount of revenues as the county would collect from that city or town if the decrease under Subsection (2)(k)(i) did not occur.
- (B) An increase under Subsection (2)(k)(ii)(A), whether occurring in a single fiscal year or spread over multiple fiscal years, is not subject to the notice and hearing requirements of Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919.
- (l) (i) The certified tax rate of each county required under Subsection 17-34-1(4)(b) to provide detective investigative services to the unincorporated area of the county shall be decreased:
- (A) in fiscal year 2001 by the amount necessary to reduce revenues in that fiscal year by at least \$4,400,000; and
- (B) in fiscal year 2002 by the amount necessary to reduce revenues in that fiscal year by an amount equal to the difference between \$9,258,412 and the amount of the reduction in revenues under Subsection (2)(1)(i)(A).

(ii) (A) (I) Beginning with municipal fiscal year 2002, a city or town located within a
county to which Subsection (2)(1)(i) applies may increase its certified tax rate to generate
within the city or town the same amount of revenue as the county would have collected during
county fiscal year 2001 from within the city or town except for Subsection (2)(l)(i)(A).
(II) Beginning with municipal fiscal year 2003, a city or town located within a county
to which Subsection (2)(l)(i) applies may increase its certified tax rate to generate within the
city or town the same amount of revenue as the county would have collected during county
fiscal year 2002 from within the city or town except for Subsection (2)(l)(i)(B).
(B) (I) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(l)(ii)(B)(II), an increase in the city or
town's certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(1)(ii)(A), whether occurring in a single fiscal year
or spread over multiple fiscal years, is subject to the notice and hearing requirements of
Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919.
(II) For an increase under this Subsection (2)(l)(ii) that generates revenue that does not
exceed the same amount of revenue as the county would have collected except for Subsection
(2)(1)(i), the requirements of Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919 do not apply if the city or town:
(Aa) publishes a notice that meets the size, type, placement, and frequency
requirements of Section 59-2-919, reflects that the increase is a shift of a tax from one imposed
by the county to one imposed by the city or town, and explains how the revenues from the tax
increase will be used; and
(Bb) holds a public hearing on the tax shift that may be held in conjunction with the
city or town's regular budget hearing.
(m) (i) This Subsection (2)(m) applies to each county that:
(A) establishes a countywide special service district under Title 17A, Chapter 2, Part
13, Utah Special Service District Act, to provide jail service, as provided in Subsection
17A-2-1304(1)(a)(x); and
(B) levies a property tax on behalf of the special service district under Section
17A-2-1322.

(ii) (A) The certified tax rate of each county to which this Subsection (2)(m) applies

562 shall be decreased by the amount necessary to reduce county revenues by the same amount of 563 revenues that will be generated by the property tax imposed on behalf of the special service 564 district. 565 (B) Each decrease under Subsection (2)(m)(ii)(A) shall occur contemporaneously with 566 the levy on behalf of the special service district under Section 17A-2-1322. 567 (n) (i) As used in this Subsection (2)(n): 568 (A) "Annexing county" means a county whose unincorporated area is included within a 569 fire district by annexation. 570 (B) "Annexing municipality" means a municipality whose area is included within a fire 571 district by annexation. 572 (C) "Equalized fire protection tax rate" means the tax rate that results from: 573 (I) calculating, for each participating county and each participating municipality, the 574 property tax revenue necessary to cover all of the costs associated with providing fire 575 protection, paramedic, and emergency services: 576 (Aa) for a participating county, in the unincorporated area of the county; and 577 (Bb) for a participating municipality, in the municipality; and 578 (II) adding all the amounts calculated under Subsection (2)(n)(i)(C)(I) for all 579 participating counties and all participating municipalities and then dividing that sum by the aggregate taxable value of the property, as adjusted in accordance with Section 59-2-913: 580 581 (Aa) for participating counties, in the unincorporated area of all participating counties; 582 and 583 (Bb) for participating municipalities, in all the participating municipalities. 584 (D) "Fire district" means a county service area under Title 17A, Chapter 2, Part 4, 585 County Service Area Act, in the creation of which an election was not required under 586 Subsection 17B-2-214(3)(c). 587 (E) "Fire protection tax rate" means: 588 (I) for an annexing county, the property tax rate that, when applied to taxable property

in the unincorporated area of the county, generates enough property tax revenue to cover all the

costs associated with providing fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services in the unincorporated area of the county; and

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- (II) for an annexing municipality, the property tax rate that generates enough property tax revenue in the municipality to cover all the costs associated with providing fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services in the municipality.
- (F) "Participating county" means a county whose unincorporated area is included within a fire district at the time of the creation of the fire district.
- (G) "Participating municipality" means a municipality whose area is included within a fire district at the time of the creation of the fire district.
- (ii) In the first year following creation of a fire district, the certified tax rate of each participating county and each participating municipality shall be decreased by the amount of the equalized fire protection tax rate.
- (iii) In the first year following annexation to a fire district, the certified tax rate of each annexing county and each annexing municipality shall be decreased by the fire protection tax rate.
- (iv) Each tax levied under this section by a fire district shall be considered to be levied by:
- (A) each participating county and each annexing county for purposes of the county's tax limitation under Section 59-2-908; and
- (B) each participating municipality and each annexing municipality for purposes of the municipality's tax limitation under Section 10-5-112, for a town, or Section 10-6-133, for a city.
 - (3) (a) On or before June 22, each taxing entity shall annually adopt a tentative budget.
- 613 (b) If the taxing entity intends to exceed the certified tax rate, it shall notify the county auditor of:
 - (i) its intent to exceed the certified tax rate; and
 - (ii) the amount by which it proposes to exceed the certified tax rate.
- (c) The county auditor shall notify all property owners of any intent to exceed the

certified tax rate in accordance with Subsection 59-2-919(2).

(4) (a) The taxable value for the base year under Subsection 17B-4-102(4) shall be reduced for any year to the extent necessary to provide a redevelopment agency established under Title 17B, Chapter 4, Redevelopment Agencies Act, with approximately the same amount of money the agency would have received without a reduction in the county's certified tax rate if:

- (i) in that year there is a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(c) or (2)(d)(i);
- (ii) the amount of the decrease is more than 20% of the county's certified tax rate of the previous year; and
 - (iii) the decrease results in a reduction of the amount to be paid to the agency under Section 17B-4-1003 or 17B-4-1004.
 - (b) The base taxable value under Subsection 17B-4-102(4) shall be increased in any year to the extent necessary to provide a redevelopment agency with approximately the same amount of money as the agency would have received without an increase in the certified tax rate that year if:
 - (i) in that year the base taxable value under Subsection 17B-4-102(4) is reduced due to a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(c) or (2)(d)(i); and
 - (ii) The certified tax rate of a city, school district, or special district increases independent of the adjustment to the taxable value of the base year.
 - (c) Notwithstanding a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(c) or (2)(d)(i), the amount of money allocated and, when collected, paid each year to a redevelopment agency established under Title 17B, Chapter 4, Redevelopment Agencies Act, for the payment of bonds or other contract indebtedness, but not for administrative costs, may not be less than that amount would have been without a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(c) or (2)(d)(i).
- Section 7. **Effective date.**
- This bill takes effect on January 1, 2007.